



AUDITED RESULTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE 2022



INTRODUCTION

Patrick Quarmby

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Gary Chaplin

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Frans Olivier

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Gary Chaplin

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Gary Chaplin/Frans Olivier

A woman with blonde hair in a ponytail, wearing a dark uniform with reflective stripes, is seated at a control desk. She is holding a black microphone to her mouth and looking upwards and to the left. The desk is equipped with several computer monitors displaying various data and graphs, a keyboard, and other control equipment. The background is dark and industrial, suggesting a control room or a similar environment. A teal diagonal graphic element is present on the left side of the image.

DIVISIONAL OPERATIONAL REVIEW

GARY CHAPLIN
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Continued political instability and uncertainty

Civil unrest in South Africa and Eswatini

Global supply chain disruptions

Commodity volatility and inflationary pressures

Subdued macro-economic environment and softening consumer demand

KwaZulu-Natal floods



KAP's diversified business model proved resilient



Decentralised management structures supported rapid decision-making

- Robust demand and global supply chain disruptions supported domestic manufacture and supply
- Sales allocation system was maintained throughout the year due to demand exceeding available capacity
- Value-added product ratio decreased to 67% (FY21: 69%) and exports decreased by 6% to support increased demand from domestic manufacturers
- Average selling price increases and a 3% increase in production volumes adequately offset raw material cost inflation, thereby protecting margins
- Biological asset valuation decreased by R77 million (FY21: R190 million), due to cost inflation exceeding selling price inflation and higher value timber harvested
- eMkhondo (Piet Retief) particleboard capacity expansion completed on time and within budget, with full rated capacity achieved in March 2022
- R1 875 million, 780 m³ per day MDF expansion initiated with an anticipated July 2024 commissioning



Revenue
R4 876 million
up 16%



Operating profit
R831 million
up 35%



Operating margin
17%

- July 2021 civil unrest resulted in significant damage to customer retail stores and distribution centres, resulting in severe supply chain disruption and increased costs for the division leading into the peak trading period
- Consumer demand was weaker than expected during the traditionally softer second half of the financial year
- The division supported the market through increased promotional offers and improved distribution capability
- Mattress sales volumes were down 6%, off a record prior year, with key raw material foam and textile volumes down 17% and 12% respectively
- Significant cost inflation on commodity price driven raw materials impacted negatively on margins
- Foam operations restructured in line with refined product strategy and Gqeberha plant closed with delivery requirements in Eastern Cape region met from Cape Town and Durban factories
- Divisional restructure completed, providing separate focus on sleep and industrial sectors



Revenue
R1 612 million
down 7%



Operating profit
R69 million
down 73%



Operating margin
4.3%





- Global semiconductor chip shortages, supply chain disruptions, civil unrest and severe floods in KwaZulu-Natal impacted significantly on the automotive manufacturing and retail sectors
- Feltex revenue contracted following a 13% decrease in new vehicle assembly volumes and a 23 – 34% decline in sales volumes of targeted LCV and SUV models, due to dealer stock shortages
- Volatility and uncertainty related to component call-offs from OEM customers negatively affected production efficiencies and cost management
- Collective impact of the above is estimated at R126 million
- Technical challenges with the start-up of component production for a new model introduction resulted in unplanned overtime, low production yields and excessive rejects, impacting operating profit by approximately R42 million, mainly in 1H22



Revenue
R1 809 million
down 11%



Operating profit
R36 million
down 77%



Operating margin
2.0%



- The following factors impacted on the global polymers sector during the year:
 - Continued global supply chain disruptions causing a trade disconnect between East and West monomer and polymer markets
 - Continued regional petrochemical demand/supply imbalances
 - Oil price volatility
- Margin drivers of Safripol:
 - Indexed pricing of PET, HDPE and PP, which is driven by global supply/demand
 - Indexed pricing of ethylene, propylene, PTA, MEG and PIA raw materials, which is driven by global supply and demand
 - Rand/US dollar exchange rate
 - Global duty structures
 - Procurement-to-sales cycle
 - Strategy to 'beat the index' and 'moderate cyclicity'
 - Safripol product range and regional sales mix
 - Amendment to ethylene raw material price adjustment mechanism to correlate Eastern import parity selling prices of HDPE with Western cost prices of ethylene, and provide a margin collar



- Strong demand was experienced across all product categories, with support for locally manufactured polymers
- Continued progress was made toward increasing higher margin grades of HDPE and PP, which are used in more durable applications
- Ethylene pricing model renegotiated to reference more relevant indices and a margin collar to moderate cyclicalities, which supported margins for the full year
- Temporary ethylene supply constraints limited HDPE production and sales
- PET operations returned to normality, with production up 16%, following a five-yearly maintenance shut and debottlenecking of the plant in the prior year
- PET expansion feasibility parameters consistently achieved and S12I tax incentive recognised
- Strategic investment was made in PTA raw material inventory to mitigate supply chain risk
- Operating profit increase supported by stronger indexed margins, taking into account contractual raw material prices, and better product and regional sales mix, sufficient to offset operational cost escalations
- ‘Let’s plastic responsibly’ campaign continued to build momentum in encouraging more responsible use of plastics



Revenue
R10 120 million
up 35%



Operating profit
R1 400 million
up 227%



Operating margin
13.8%

Safripol actual revenue and volume analysis

	PET		HDPE		PP	
	FY22	FY21	FY22	FY21	FY22	FY21
Revenue (Rm)	4 267	2 690	3 263	2 840	2 590	1 979
Sales volume (tonnes)	203 993	180 864	142 472	154 845	117 603	107 645
Production volume (tonnes)	195 860	169 140	146 457	152 547	118 363	114 280
Average R/USD exchange rate	15.21	15.39	15.21	15.39	15.21	15.39

Safripol actual margin trend analysis

	FY22 vs FY21	2H22 vs 1H22	1H22 vs 2H21	2H22 vs 2H21	1H22 vs 1H21
PET	54%	70%	5%	79%	28%
HDPE	32%	30%	5%	36%	25%
PP	46%	12%	27%	42%	51%

PET – Polyethylene terephthalate | HDPE – High-density polyethylene | PP – Polypropylene

Notes:

1. The actual raw material margin trend analysis includes Safripol's actual selling prices and actual raw material costs.
2. The actual raw material margin trend analysis has been adjusted to account for the R91 million ethylene price adjustment in 2H21.





Revenue

R9 757 million

up 11%



Operating profit

R578 million

down 11%

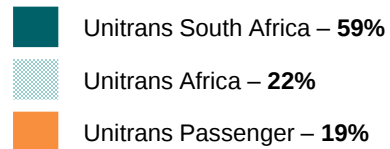


Operating margin

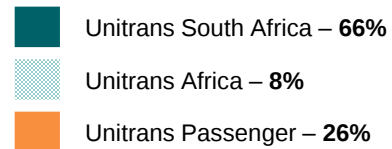
5.9%

down 150 bps

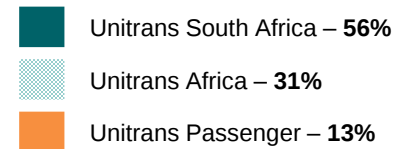
Revenue



Operating profit



Operating assets





SOUTH AFRICA

- The division performed well, showing revenue growth and margin expansion, despite the challenges presented by civil unrest, floods and truck driver protests
- R107 million early termination penalty (non-cash) related to a major contract is included in the results in accordance with IFRS; excluding this, revenue and operating profit increased by 8% and 10% respectively
- Operating profit increased in the main operating sectors of Food, Petrochemical and Mining
- Operations in the cement, sugar and general linehaul sectors performed below expectation with generally subdued activity levels and competitive pricing
- Technology-driven 'Control Tower' continued to support margins through improved driver performance and fleet utilisation, reduced accidents and improved business information
- Net new contracts of R152 million in annualised revenue secured (excluding terminated contract which made up 18% of divisional revenue)

Revenue
R5 754 million
up 11%

Operating profit
R382 million
up 53%

Operating margin
6.6%





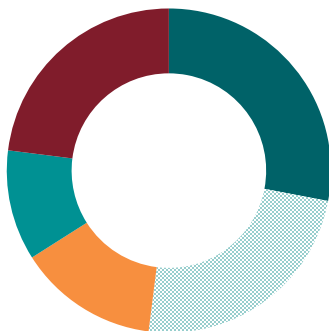
AFRICA

- Disappointing performance a result of multiple external and internal factors
- Roadfreight, which operates primarily in the petrochemical sector, was negatively impacted by civil unrest and flooding in KwaZulu-Natal as the point of departure for cross-border bridging work, Covid-19-related border restrictions, significantly subdued activity in primary Botswana market, and civil disruptions in Eswatini
- Agriculture was negatively impacted by lower customer cane yields, weaker mill performances, industrial action at customer sites, and a late start to the new season due to wet weather
- Continued progress was made in expanding technology-driven precision farming operations to complement traditional agriculture activities
- Mining operations performed well, supported by a new contract in Botswana
- Start-up of rail operations was slower than expected with limited availability of containers due to global supply chain disruptions, impacting profits by approximately R19 million.
- Net new contracts of R303 million in annualised revenue secured

Revenue
R2 147 million
up 7%

Operating profit
R48 million
down 77%

Operating margin
2.2%



Revenue split by territory

Botswana – 28%
Mozambique – 24%
Eswatini – 14%
Malawi – 11%
Other – 23%





PASSENGER

- Performance is satisfactory considering that the market remains below pre-Covid-19 levels
- Revenue increased due to fuel cost recoveries, increased ticket sales, kilometers travelled and special hires
- Good progress was made on fixing or terminating marginal and/or loss-making contracts in the Commuter and Personnel operations
- Operating profit was stable; however, negatively impacted by a non-recurring tax-related provision of R41 million
- Greyhound and Citiliner assets disposed of for R84 million, disposal of tourism coaches (R47 million net asset value) partially concluded post year-end
- New CEO appointed with effect from 1 December 2021 and management restructure concluded, providing increased focus on operational disciplines and efficiencies
- Good progress being made in contract renewal in key Mozambique operations

Revenue
R1 895 million
up 15%

Operating profit
R148 million
down 22%

Operating margin
7.8%



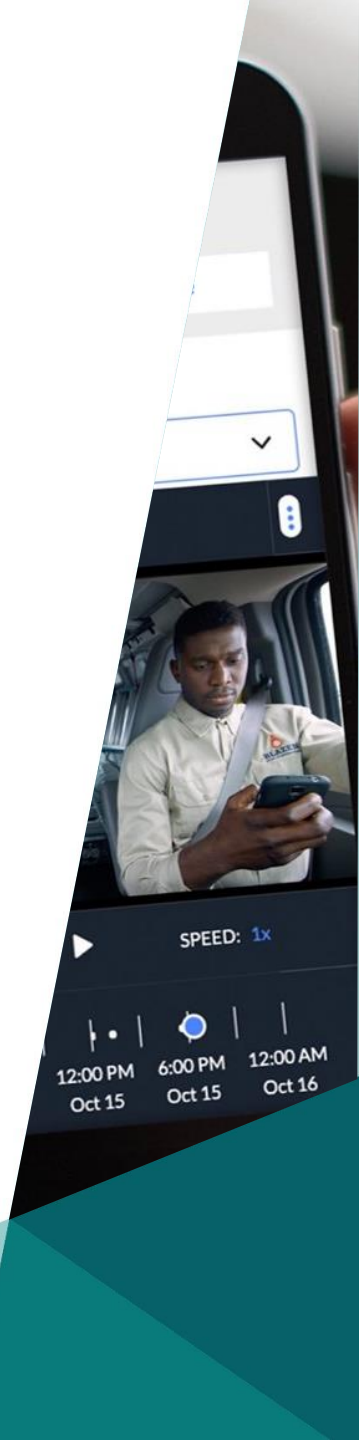
- Acquired on 1 December 2021
 - Entry point into new sector with good growth prospects
 - Utilises video telematics and predictive analytics to prevent road accidents and improve road safety
 - Unique user interfaces provide real-time event-based interventions, business intelligence tools and driver support
 - Benefits fleet owners by improving fleet efficiency and reducing risk
 - Services provided in 37 countries
- Performance below expectations due to global semiconductor chip shortages
- Strong confirmed order pipeline

Revenue*
R242 million

Operating profit*
R22 million

Operating margin
9.1%

* Seven months to June 2022



A man, Frans Olivier, stands in the center of the frame in a warehouse setting. He is wearing a blue long-sleeved work uniform with reflective yellow-green stripes on the sleeves and legs. He has a red and black patterned headband and a red beaded necklace. His hands are in his pockets. Behind him are large, stacked sheets of corrugated metal. The lighting is dramatic, with a bright light source from above creating a strong shadow. A teal diagonal graphic element is on the left side of the image.

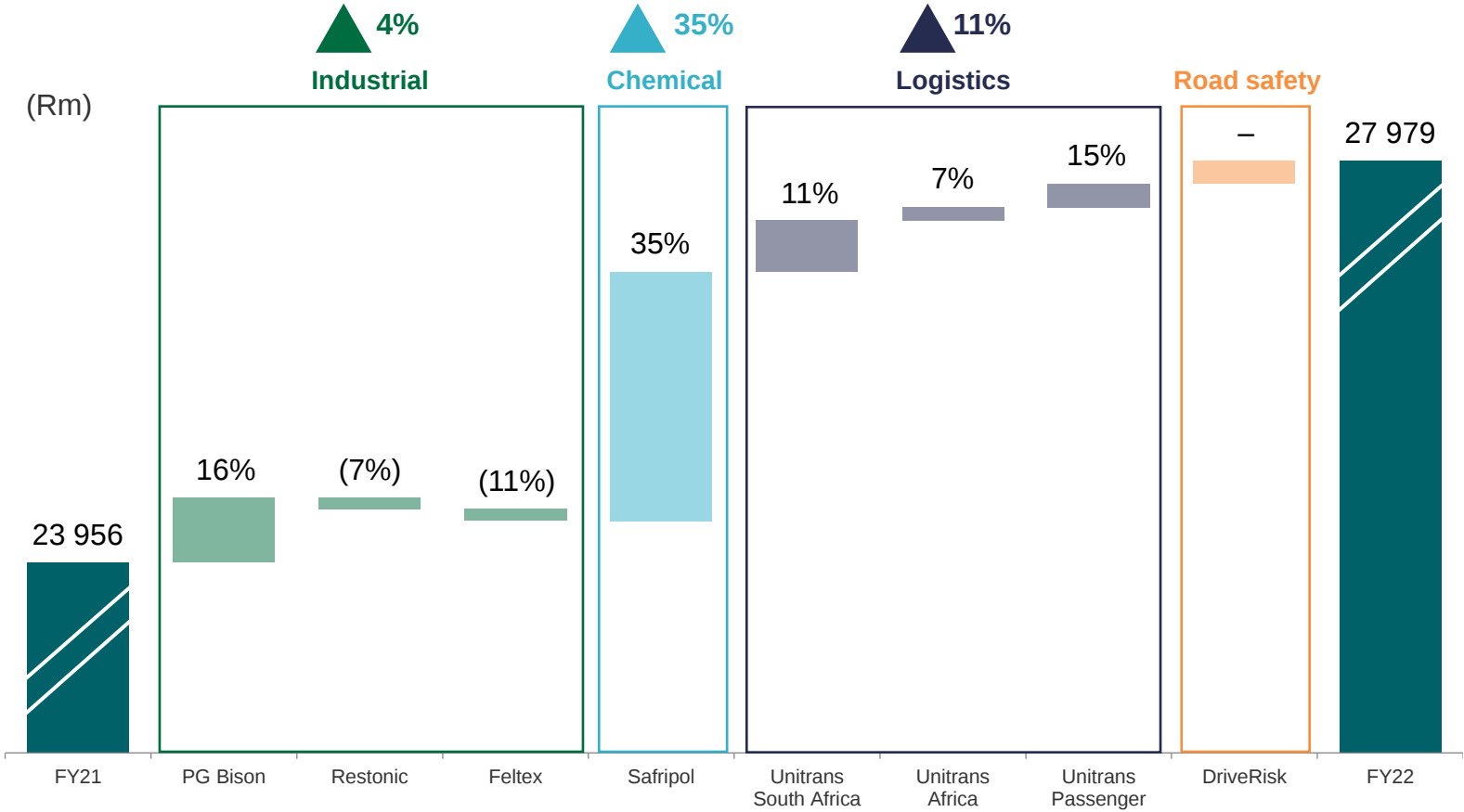
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

FRANS OLIVIER
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

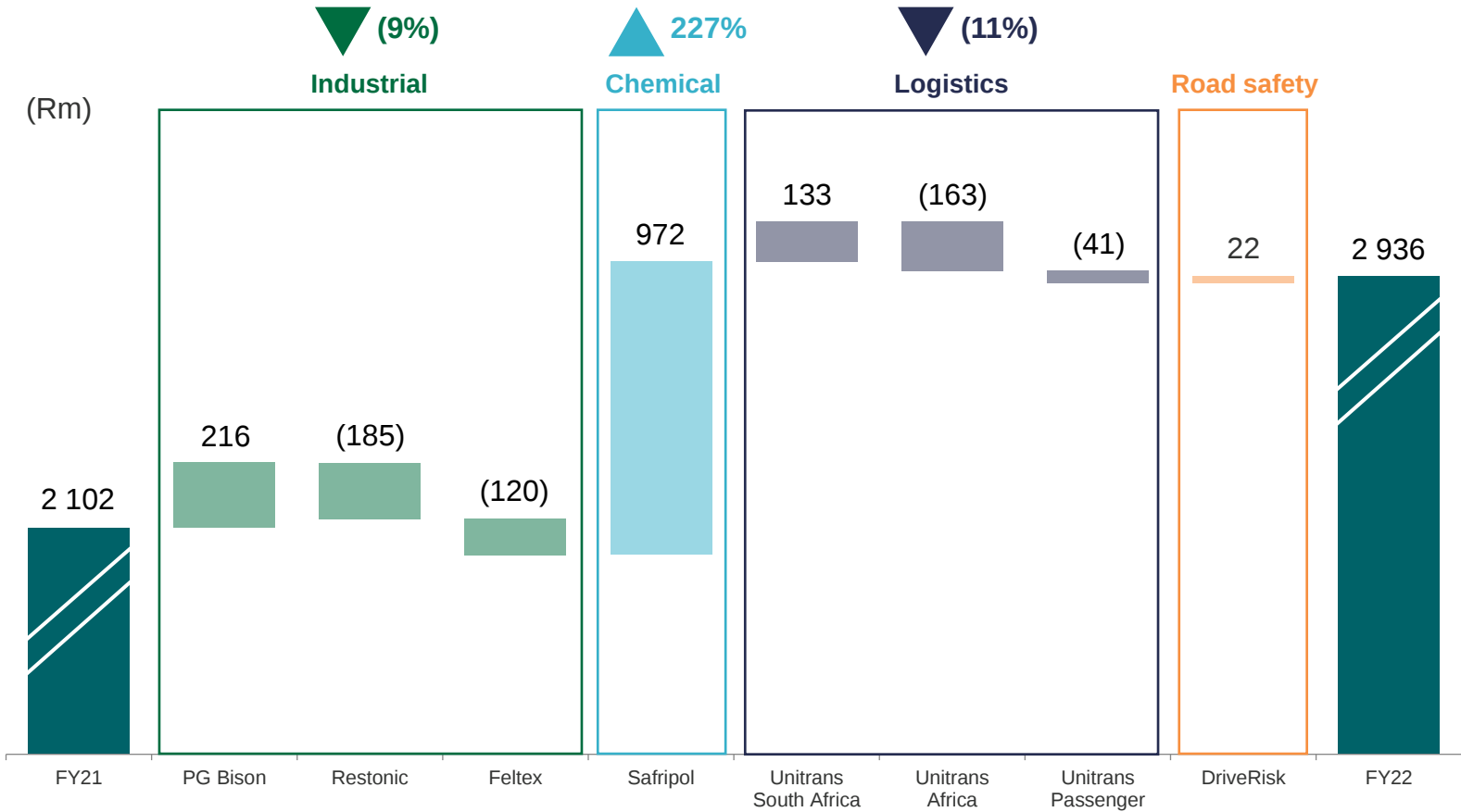
From continuing operations	FY22	FY21	Variance	
Revenue (Rm)	27 979	23 956	▲	17%
EBITDA (Rm)	4 340	3 419	▲	27%
Operating profit before capital items (Rm)	2 936	2 102	▲	40%
Operating profit margin	10.5%	8.8%	▲	170 bps
Headline earnings per share (cents)	74.4	43.0	▲	73%
Cash generated from operations (Rm)	4 081	3 485	▲	17%
Net debt: EBITDA (times)	1.7	1.9	▼	11%
Dividend per share (cents)	29	15	▲	93%

GROUP REVENUE ANALYSIS*



* From continuing operations

GROUP OPERATING PROFIT ANALYSIS*

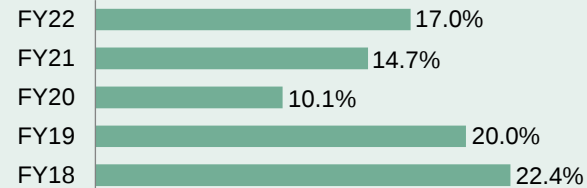


* From continuing operations

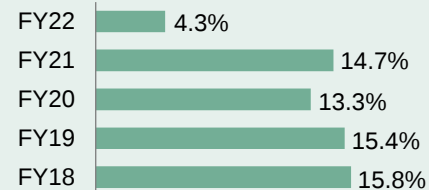
GROUP MARGIN ANALYSIS*

KAP operating profit margin increased 170 bps to 10.5%

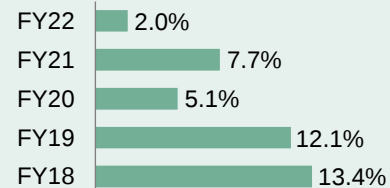
PG Bison



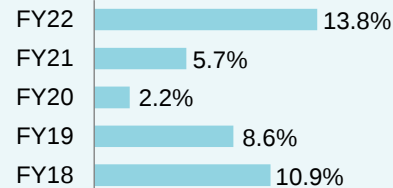
Restonic



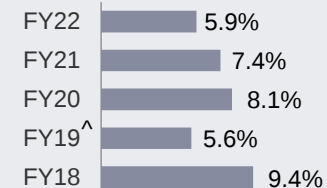
Feltex



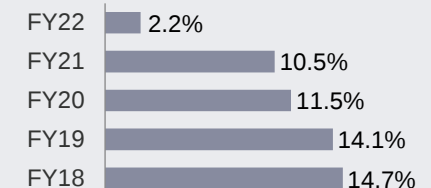
Safripol



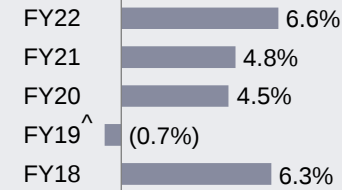
Unitrans



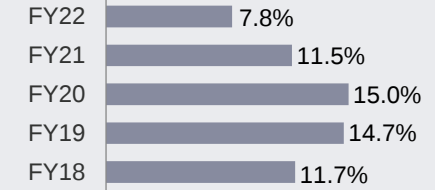
Unitrans Africa



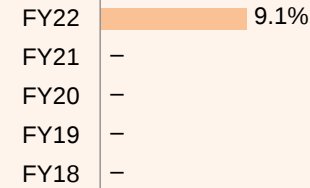
Unitrans South Africa



Unitrans Passenger



DriveRisk



* From continuing operations

[^] Including cost of R194 million relating to the Unitrans B-BBEE transaction

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Income statement

	FY22 Rm	FY21 Rm	Variance	
From continuing operations				
Revenue	27 979	23 956	17%	
EBITDA	4 340	3 419	27%	
Depreciation and amortisation	(1 404)	(1 317)	7%	
Capital items	(109)	32		
Operating profit	2 827	2 134	32%	
Net finance costs	(499)	(466)	7%	
Associate companies and joint ventures	19	28		
Taxation	(578)	(506)		
Minorities	(20)	(67)		
Earnings attributable to owners of the parent	1 749	1 123	56%	
Add back capital items net of taxation	102	(24)		
Headline earnings	1 851	1 099	68%	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (m)	2 487	2 555	(3%)	
Headline earnings per share (cents)	74.4	43.0	73%	



Diversified business model proved resilient

Effect of tax rate change

Effect of repurchased shares

'Adjusted' HEPS to normalise earnings

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

‘Adjusted’ headline earnings per share

	FY22 Cents	FY21 Cents	Variance	
From continuing operations				
Reported	74.4	43.0	73%	
Safripol ethylene price adjustment	(2.6)	2.6		Safripol ethylene price adjustment of R91 million
Unitrans termination penalty	(3.1)	–		Unitrans termination penalty of R107 million
Safripol section 12I tax allowance	(2.7)	–		
Change in corporate tax rate*	(3.7)	–		
Adjusted	62.3	45.6	37%	Safripol section 12I tax allowance of R68 million relating to FY20

* Effect of the South African tax rate reduction to 27% on 30 June 2022 deferred tax balances.

Corporate tax rate reduction of R91 million

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Tax rate reconciliation

	FY22 %	FY21 %	
From continuing operations			
Statutory tax rate	28.0	28.0	
Change in corporate tax rate*	(3.9)	–	
Government grants (including 12I tax allowances)	(2.9)	(0.1)	
Impairment of goodwill	0.9	–	
Other	2.5	1.9	
Effective tax rate	24.6	29.8	

→ Change in corporate tax rate of R91 million

Government grants include Safripol section 12I tax allowance of R68 million

Impairment of goodwill of R80 million relating to Feltex

* Effect of the South African tax rate reduction to 27% on 30 June 2022 deferred tax balances.

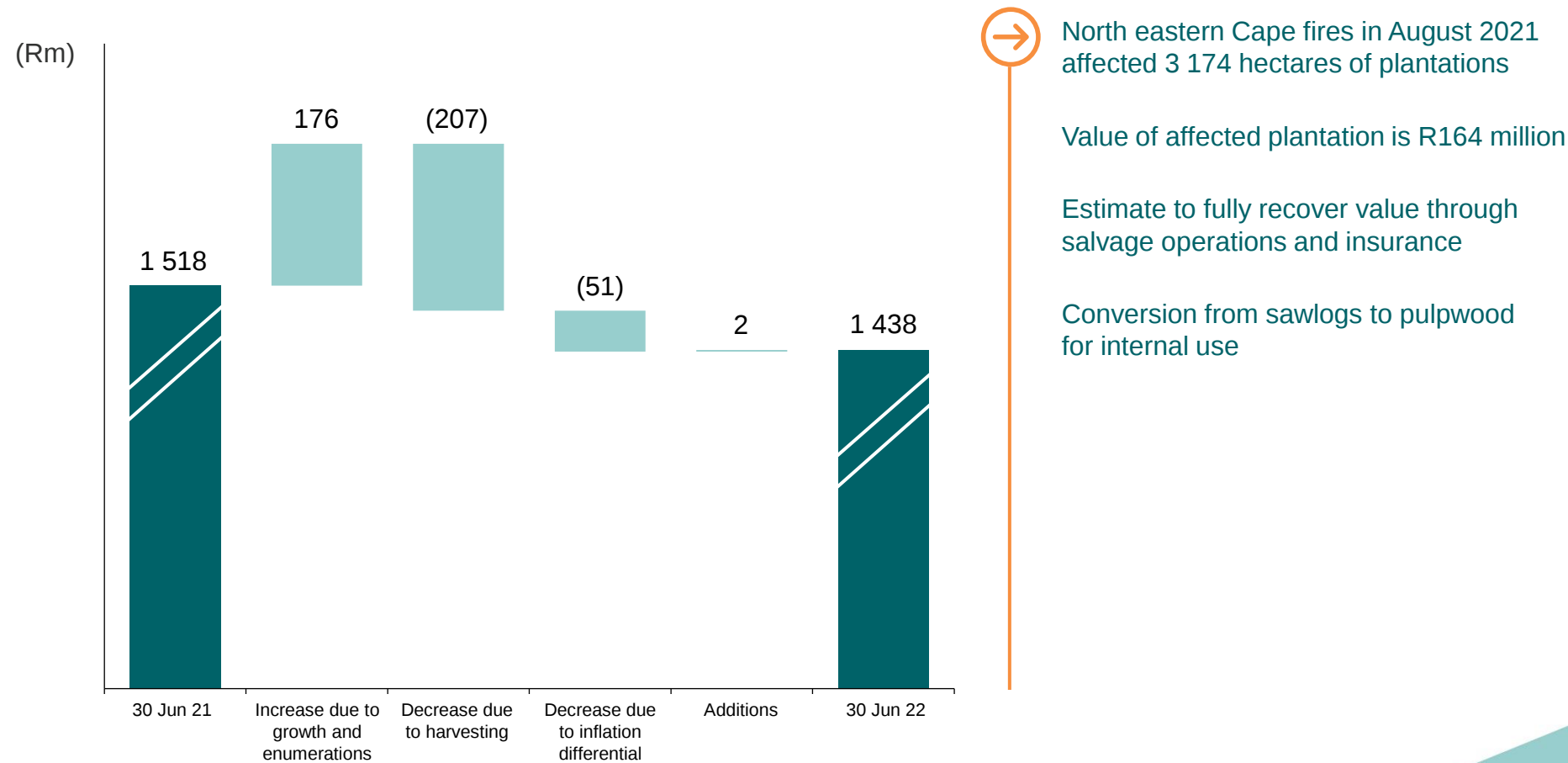
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Balance sheet

	30 Jun 22 Rm	30 Jun 21 Rm	
Property, plant and equipment	14 130	12 957	 Balance sheet remains strong
Right-of-use assets	426	358	
Intangible assets	2 363	2 028	
Goodwill	683	641	
Biological assets	1 491	1 565	
Net working capital	2 467	1 925	
Other assets	427	321	
Assets	21 987	19 795	Planned increase in net working capital
Total equity	11 750	10 449	Planned increase in net debt
Net interest-bearing liabilities	7 459	6 530	Improved serviceability ratios
Other liabilities	2 778	2 816	
Equity and liabilities	21 987	19 795	Net asset value increase 15%
Net asset value per share (cents)	466	405	

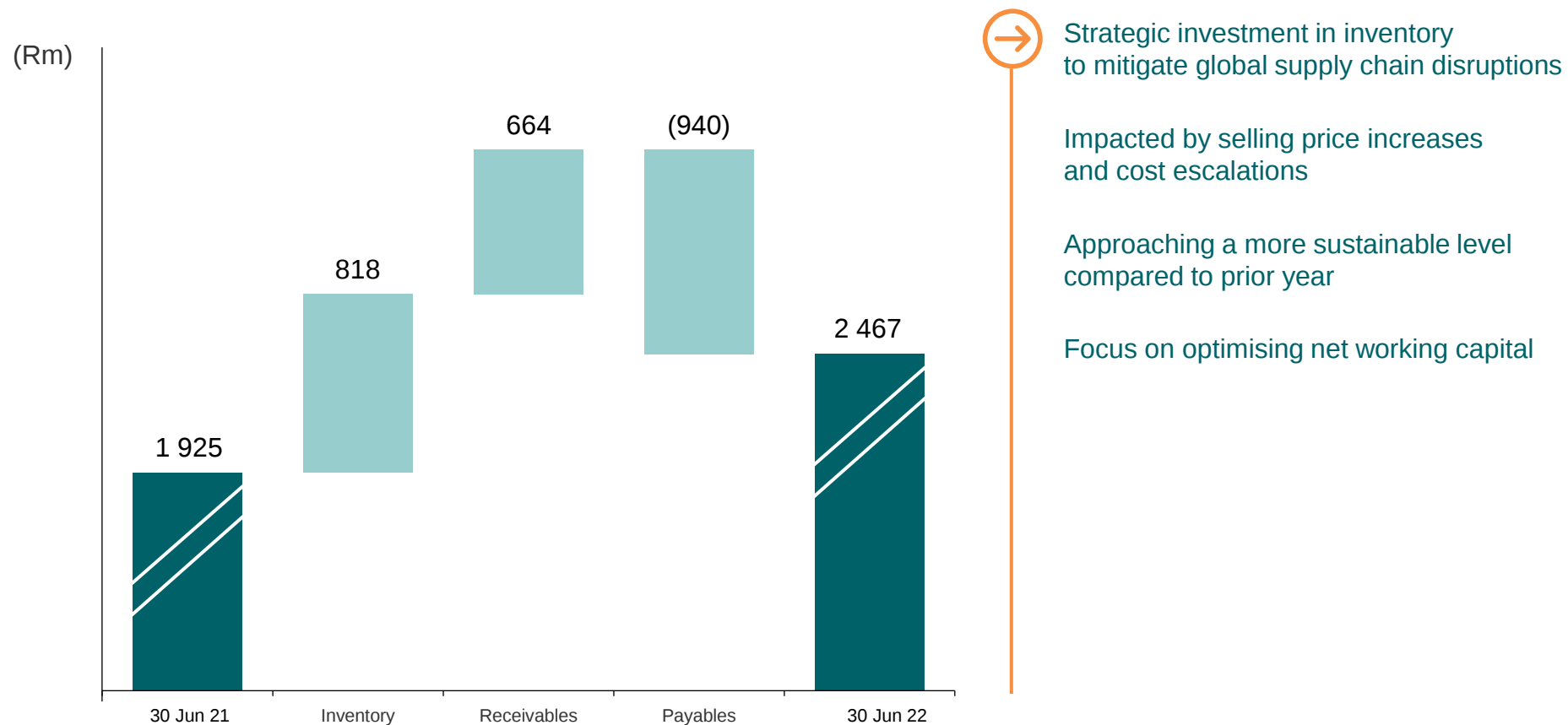
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Plantation revaluation



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Working capital breakdown



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Cash flow

	FY22 Rm	FY21 Rm	
EBITDA	4 340	3 419	EBITDA increased by 27%
Net revaluation of biological assets	77	190	
Discontinued operations	10	(143)	Continued efforts to normalise working capital throughout the year
Other non-cash adjustments	117	62	
Cash generated from trading	4 544	3 528	
Working capital changes	(463)	(43)	Cash generated from operations increased by 17%
Inventory	(776)	(305)	
Receivables	(522)	(865)	
Payables	835	1 127	Cash conversion impacted by an increase in working capital to a more sustainable level
Cash generated from operations	4 081	3 485	
Net finance charges	(520)	(473)	
Taxation	(803)	(395)	
Cash flow from operating activities	2 758	2 617	Cash conversion target of 90% exceeded
Cash conversion ratio*	94%	106%	

* Conversion of EBITDA (from continuing and discontinued operations) to cash generated from operations

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Cash flow (continued)

	FY22 Rm	FY21 Rm	
Cash flow from operating activities	2 758	2 617	
Investing activities	(2 736)	(1 807)	
Expansion capex*	(1 127)	(899)	
Replacement capex^	(1 067)	(918)	
Acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses	(392)	–	
Other investing activities	(150)	10	
Free cash flow before dividends	22	810	
Dividends paid	(394)	(27)	
Shares repurchased	(310)	(158)	
Other financing activities	1 647	(851)	
Movement in cash and cash equivalents	965	(226)	

* Net of government grants received

^ Net of proceeds on disposal, insurance proceeds and government grants received



Intercity assets disposed for R84 million

Acquisition of DriveRisk for R379 million, net of cash

Associate investment of R96 million in Auria South Africa

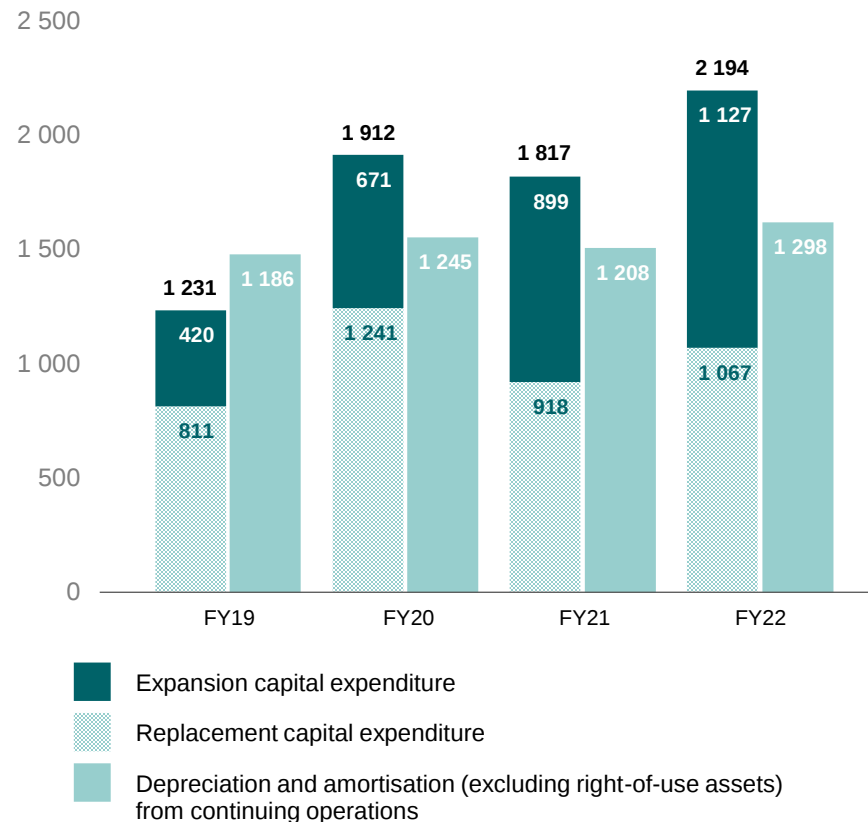
Ordinary dividend of 15 cents per share paid

Repurchased 65 million shares

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Investment to drive growth and efficiency benefits

Capital expenditure (Rm)



Material and strategic items

PG Bison

eMkhondo particleboard expansion of **R546 million**
FY22: R198 million
 Pre-FY22: R348 million
 Completed March 2022

MDF expansion of **R1 875 million**
FY22: R152 million
 FY23: R657 million*
 FY24: R981 million*
 FY25: R85 million*
 To be completed by July 2024

Boksburg value-add expansion (MFB & gloss) of **R225 million**
FY22: R115 million
 Pre-FY22: R31 million
 FY23: R79 million*
 MFB to be completed by March 2023 and gloss completed by October 2022

Safripol

HDPE conversion (replacement) of **R210 million**
FY22: R49 million
 FY23: R109 million*
 FY24: R52 million*
 To be completed by August 2023

Photovoltaic (10MW PV) project of **R165 million**
FY22: R112 million
 FY23: R53 million*
 To be completed by November 2022

Unitrans

Replacement of **R559 million**

Expansion of **R515 million**

Total **R1 074 million**

* Estimated

CORPORATE ACTIVITY

Acquisition of DriveRisk

- Effective 1 December 2021, the group acquired 90% of DriveRisk Holdings (Pty) Ltd and SingRisk Services Pte Ltd for R404 million
- A shareholding of 10% is retained by management
- The consideration paid, net of cash, amounted to R379 million

	Rm
Purchase price	404
Goodwill	122
Intangible assets	340
Property, plant and equipment	55
Net working capital	52
Other assets	11
Deferred tax	(97)
Net debt	(56)
Non-controlling interests	(22)
Other liabilities	(1)



Immediate prior twelve months turnover of R375 million and EBITDA of R55 million

Historic EBITDA impacted by global semiconductor shortages

Forward order-book providing for 5 times EV/EBITDA acquisition multiple

- Intangible assets of R241 million net of deferred taxation were recognised, and goodwill of R122 million was raised

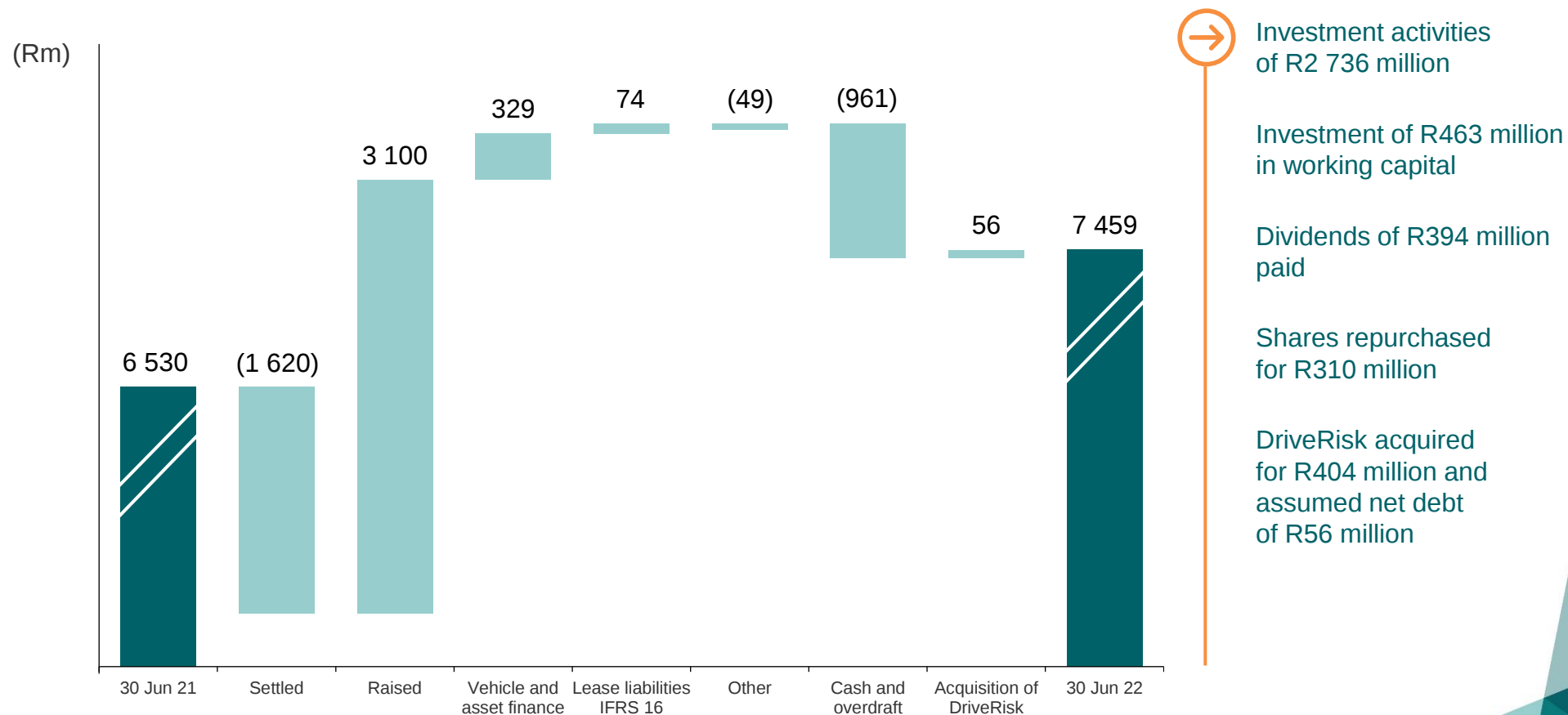
TREASURY ACTIVITY

Share buy-backs

Number of shares (million)	Year ended 30 Jun 2022	Year ended 30 Jun 2021	 WANOS reduced by 3%
Ordinary shares in issue at beginning of the year	2 531	2 571	
Shares issued in terms of share rights scheme	6	–	
Shares repurchased and cancelled	(65)	(40)	
Ordinary shares in issue	2 472	2 531	
Weighted average ordinary shares (WANOS) in issue	2 487	2 555	

TREASURY ACTIVITY

Movement in net interest-bearing debt



TREASURY ACTIVITY

Significant debt funding activities for the year

The following significant funding activities were concluded during the year:



Corporate bonds issued during the year:

- KAP019 – Listed: R500 million
- KAP020 – Listed: R250 million
- KAP021 – Listed: R250 million
- KAP022 – Listed: R200 million
- KAP023 – Listed: R500 million
- KAP024 – Listed: R420 million
- KAP025 – Listed: R580 million



Existing corporate bonds tapped during the year:

- KAP015 – Listed: R200 million
- KAP017 – Listed: R200 million

Corporate bonds settled at maturity:

- KAP007 – Listed: R420 million
- KAP013 – Listed: R700 million

Corporate bonds settled early:

- KAP016 – Listed: R500 million



Large maturities intentionally replaced by smaller, more frequent issuances

Bonds issued/tapped:
R3 100 million

Bonds settled:
R1 620 million

Global Credit Rating confirmed KAP's rating as A+(za) with a stable outlook (20 November 2021)

TREASURY ACTIVITY

Debt serviceability ratios reflective of resilient business model

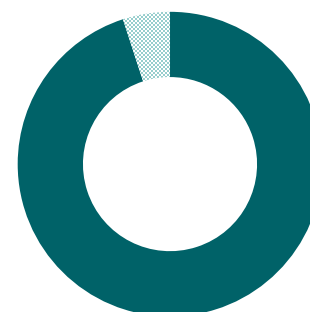
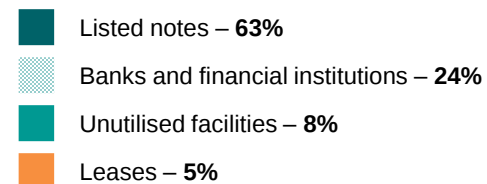
	30 Jun 22	30 Jun 21	
Gross interest-bearing debt (Rm)	9 189	7 281	
Net interest-bearing debt (Rm)	7 459	6 530	
Equity excluding non-controlling interest (Rm)	11 531	10 250	
Gearing (net debt:equity)	65%	64%	
Net debt: EBITDA (times)	1.7	1.9	
EBITDA: interest cover (times)	8.2	7.3	



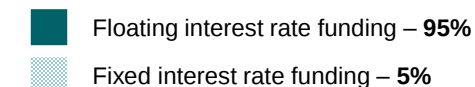
Net debt: EBITDA
target < 2.5 times



Funding structure

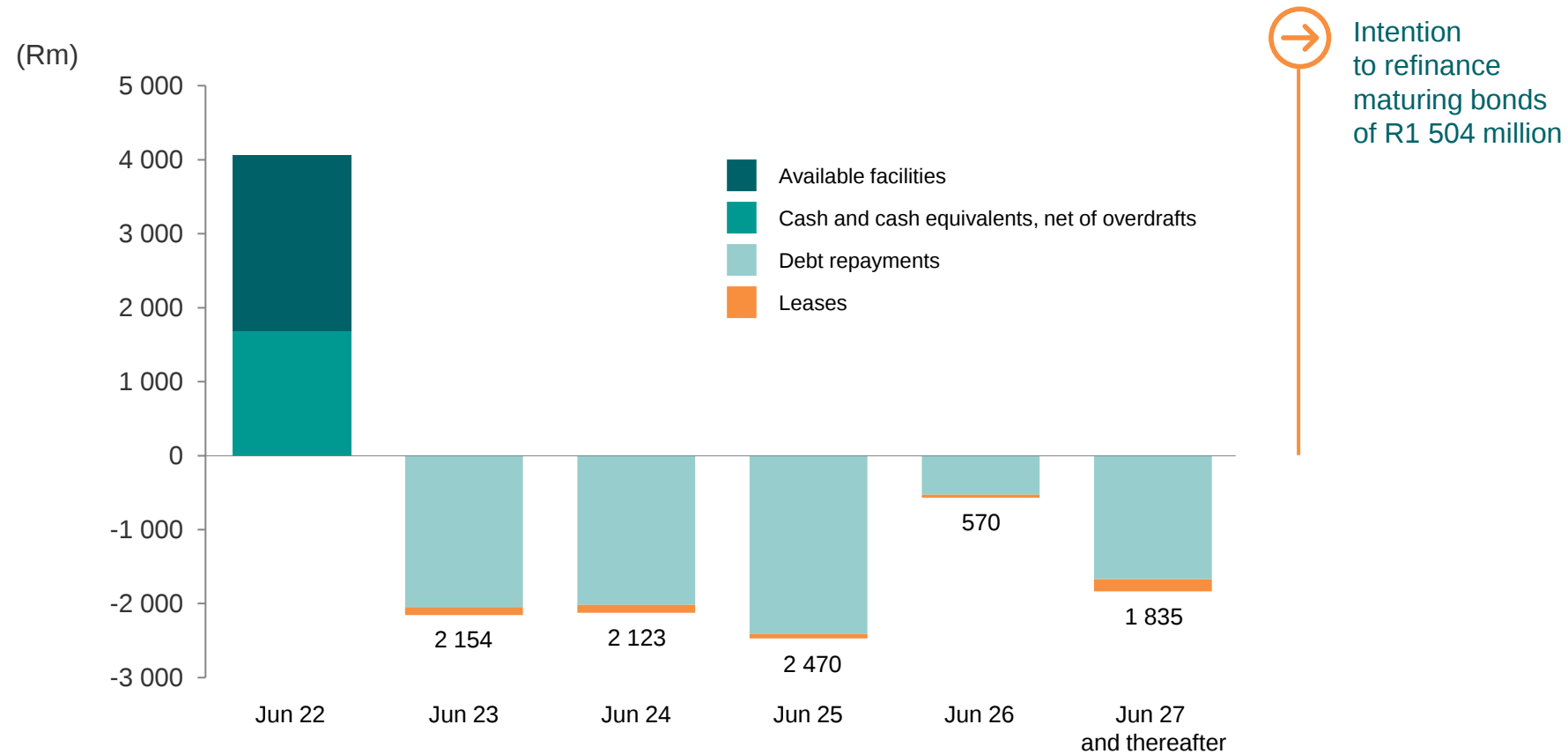


Fixed vs floating
interest rate funding



TREASURY ACTIVITY

Net interest-bearing debt maturity as at 30 June 2022



A man wearing a red hard hat and blue work clothes stands in a field with mountains in the background. He has blue earplugs around his neck. The image is partially covered by a teal diagonal shape on the left side.

STRATEGY & OUTLOOK

 **GARY CHAPLIN**
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Outlook for FY23

- Softer consumer demand related to higher inflation and interest rates expected to impact demand in our primary markets
- Supply chain disruptions are expected to ease, but not resolve, which should continue to support local manufacture and supply
- Consumer demand creation for value-added products, supported by customer enablement, remains a key focus for growth
- 14% capacity expansion to 2 400 m³ per day completed in March 2022, and increased investment in value-add (MFB and Gloss) in FY23 further enhances global competitiveness and will support revenue and operating profit growth

Focus beyond FY23

- Market and product remains our core focus, with continued consumer demand creation and customer enablement to support revenue growth
- Technology-driven execution platform with the lowest cost of product to market
- R1 875 million, 780 m³ per day MDF expansion initiated with an anticipated July 2024 commissioning

**“Our purpose
is to inspire
and enable
beautiful living
spaces.”**

Gerhard Victor

Outlook for FY23

- General consumer demand is expected to remain subdued, impacting directly on demand for sleep products
- Increased investment in brand development and promotional activity to drive consumer demand
- Range development to support market share growth (premium and entry-level)
- Recovery of cost inflation a focus, through procurement, pricing and product design
- Leadership continuity in place with appointment of new CEO, following retirement of Restonic founder, Mike Metz, who remains in an advisory capacity
- Revenue and operating profit growth expected

Focus beyond FY23

- Primary focus on sleep sector, with market, product and brand at our core
- Longer term brand activation strategy to support demand creation among consumers
- Logistics capability to support customer enablement and growth
- Technology and integration to enable sustainability and scale at the lowest cost

“Our purpose is to enable wellbeing and success through the power of sleep.”

Michael Borcherts



Outlook for FY23

- Vehicle build and targeted SUV and LCV sales volumes expected to show recovery, but remain subject to global semiconductor chip constraints and supply chain disruptions
- Reduced volatility and more consistent OEM call-off expected to support improved operational efficiencies
- Start-up issues with F22 model launch resolved
- Material new model launch in September/October 2022
- Revenue and operating profit growth expected

Focus beyond FY23

- Product development and new model introductions across all OEMs present continued growth opportunities
- Opportunities to expand product range to be pursued
- APDP continues to provide support, with strong emphasis on localisation
- Core competencies to be leveraged to explore opportunities in new electric vehicles, policy dependent

“Our purpose is to provide exceptional automotive comfort and style.”

Ugo Frigerio

Outlook for FY23

- Softer consumer demand related to higher inflation and interest rates expected to impact demand in our primary markets
- Global supply chain disruptions and regional demand/supply imbalances expected to ease, but not resolve, which should continue to support local manufacture and supply
- Polymer margins expected to moderate from high levels seen in FY22, but remain healthy, with volatility moderated by raw material supply contracts
- Products globally competitive, providing export opportunities to supplement local sales
- Range management toward higher specification and margin, non-single-use applications

Focus beyond FY23

- ‘Normalisation’ of global supply chain disruptions and regional demand/supply imbalances
- Continued focus to ‘beat the index’ and ‘moderate cyclicality’
- Product range evolution continues toward higher specification, higher-margin, non-single-use applications
- R&D toward new markets and applications to enable recycling
- PP expansion being reinvestigated

**“Our purpose
is to shape
our world
through the
responsible
use of
plastics.”**

Nico van Niekerk



SOUTH AFRICA

Outlook for FY23

- Macroeconomic environment expected to remain challenging with continued volume and price pressure
- Satisfactory pipeline of new opportunities being pursued
- Assets related to terminated contract incorporated into focused rental fleet, exploiting environment of escalating vehicle and trailer costs and extended delivery lead times
- Adjusted for the terminated contract, growth in revenue and operating profit expected

Focus beyond FY23

- Continued rationalisation of underperforming contracts
- Sector, market and customer focus to drive revenue and profit growth in primary sectors of food, agriculture, mining and petrochemical, with improved returns
- Complementary operational services to extend Unitrans value proposition and improve returns
- Integration with Africa and Passenger operations to leverage scale and expertise in key sectors and provide more streamlined client interface

“Our purpose is to free up our clients to focus on growing their businesses.”

Terry Bantock



AFRICA

Outlook for FY23

- Cross-border access and volumes in both fuel bridging and in-country distribution expected to normalise in key Botswana market, with restructured operational cost base
- Higher cane yields in Agriculture operations expected to support increased revenue
- Further expansion into precision farming and complementary operational services
- Strategic decision to be taken on Rail operations
- Growth in revenue and operating profit expected

Focus beyond FY23

- Sector, market and customer focus will drive growth in three key sectors of agriculture, mining and petrochemical
- Integrated business intelligence platforms improve operational efficiencies and provide richer business intelligence
- Integration with South Africa and Passenger operations to leverage scale and expertise in key sectors and provide more streamlined client interface

“Our purpose is to free up our clients to focus on growing their businesses.”

Rob Hayworth



PASSENGER

Outlook for FY23

- Trading conditions expected to remain challenging
- Higher average fuel prices, inflation and interest rates expected to maintain pressure on passenger numbers and cash fare revenue
- Key focus remains on fixing marginal and low return legacy contracts and finalisation of significant Mozambique contract renewal
- Targeted disposal of R47 million tourism coaches, with R21 million sale concluded post year-end with the balance incorporated into fleet
- Revenue and operating profit growth expected

Focus beyond FY23

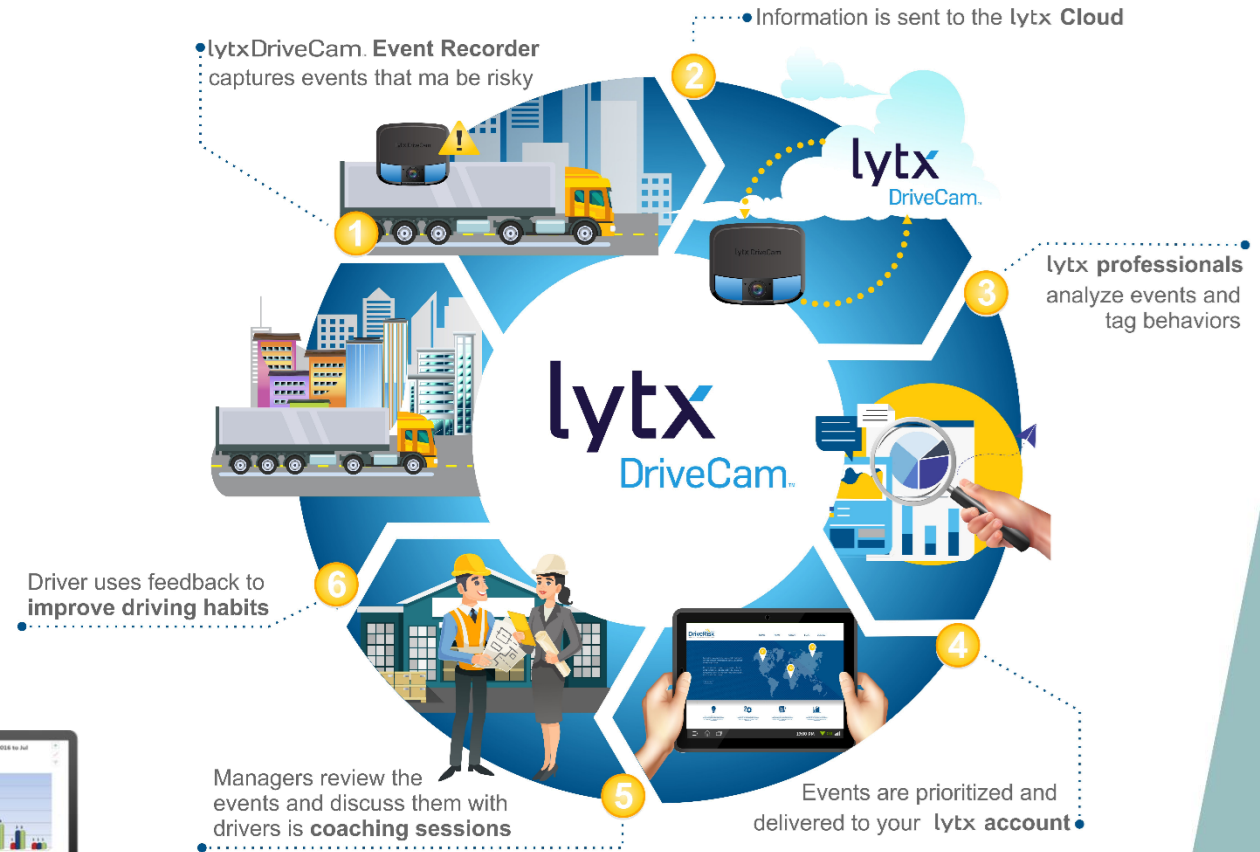
- Contracted commuter and personnel transport at our core, with either owned or managed fleets, including fleet maintenance contracts
- Expansion targeted in Mozambique
- Bolt-on opportunities to existing infrastructure will be targeted
- Integration with South Africa and Africa logistics operations to leverage scale and expertise in key sectors and provide more streamlined client interface

“Our purpose is to free up our clients to focus on growing their businesses.”

Derek Lewis

Acquisition rationale: Opportunity to invest in an asset-light, technology-enabled business with strong social impact. As customers, we are true believers in the product.

- DriveRisk is focused on reducing risk through technology-enabled Driver Behaviour Management
- Best of breed global technologies are integrated by DriveRisk into a single intelligent user interface that is able to predict and prevent incidents and accidents, thereby providing improved:
 - Risk management and safety
 - Asset protection and cost reduction
 - Operational efficiency
- Focus is on real-time video recording, analysis, **action** and reporting in relation to driver behaviour and events
- Call centre interacting with drivers and clients 24/7 to predict and prevent incidents and accidents
- Broad sector/industry exposure: logistics, security, mining, agriculture, forestry, courier, waste, etc. with > 50 000 active devices in operation
- Primary operations in South Africa and Australasia, with operations in 37 other countries
- Significant further sector and territory growth opportunities



Outlook for FY23

- Strong confirmed order book and sales pipeline expected to support revenue growth at 'acquisition feasibility' levels
- Increasing penetration into non-roadfreight markets including mining, agriculture, security, waste management and retail merchandising
- Strategic brand and marketing campaign activation
- Viewmetrics acquisition post year-end not material but strategic to accelerate development of unique user interfaces
- Building of people capacity to support growth plans

Focus beyond FY23

- Integration of risk management (safety) and efficiency
- Focus on the driver – information, education, training, coaching and respect
- Productising our services through creating saleable user interfaces
- Monetising our data

**“Our purpose
is to get
people home
safely.”**

Steve Ford



Q&A

THANK YOU